

activities related to the Olympic Field Day culminating activity. The SPARK activities located in the diversity binders are However, these activities can be done with all groups regardless of your culminating activity.

If you are doing the Olympic Field Day culminating event these activities will be good practice for the students leading up the actual event.

SI-VER

STICK WITH ME

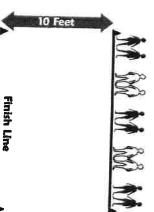
BUILDERS

7-2

Ready

4 cones or spots (to create start and finish lines)

- Create start and finish lines 10' apart and wide enough for all players to stand side-by-side.
- Pair players and have them standing with 3-legged race.) inside feet touching each other (as in a



COOPERATIVES COOT

- N and your partner move from the start line to the finish line keeping your inside feet (the ones that are next to each other) together. Today's activity is Stick With Me where you
- Ψ together at all times. If your feet detach, return to the start and begin again. On signal, work with your partner to cross the finish line keeping your inside feet
- Skill-it! When finished, join another successful pair to attempt the crossing with a group of 4.
- 4.
- Work with each other. Communicate and problem-solve

'n Challenges

- Using the same rules, can you move across a different way?
- Can you go backwards?
- ė Character Matters (Discuss during a cool-down, while leading a stretch.)
- Did you show appreciation to your partner and groupmates?
- What does "appreciation" mean to you? (Appreciation: [noun] an expression of qualities or accomplishments.) gratitude, admiration, or approval for an individual or group because of their

Safety First

It is not a race. Be considerate of your partner's feelings, strengths and weaknesses.

SPARK

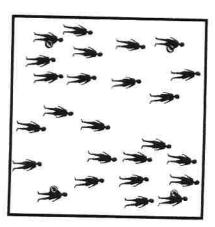
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BUILDERS

Read

- players 1 beach ball (or any large, light ball) per 5
- 1 stopwatch
- Music and player (optional)

Form circles with 5-7 players; each group with a beach ball.



COOPERATIVES 1000

- keep the ball up in the air as long as possible by cooperating with your group. Today's activity is Moon Ball where you try to
- On signal, underhand toss the ball up to someone in your group. All may use any body part to keep it up in the air as long as possible.

Ψ Skill-it!

- Work and move together.
- Encourage each other.

4 Challenges

- How many touches can your group make before the ball hits the floor?
- How many seconds can your group keep it up?
- 5 **Character Matters** (Discuss during a cool-down, while leading a stretch.)
- Did you encourage your groupmates? How?
- If you received encouragement, how did it make you feel?

Safety First

Stay clear of other groups,



BUILDERS TEAM

Ready

2 hoops per 5 players

- scattered in area. Form circles of 5 players, hands joined, and
- Give 2 hoops to each group.

- letting go of your hands. move a hoop around your circle without Today's activity is Houdini Hoops where you
- Ņ I will place a hoop over 2 players' joined hands (hands join inside the hoop), so it dangles like a bracelet.
- ω Remember; keep your hands joined at all times. On signal, move the hoop around your circle by stepping and ducking through it.
- Once you are successful 1X around, add a 2nd hoop.

Ġ Skill-it!

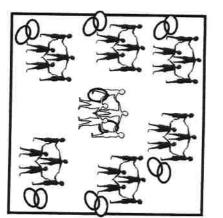
Bend, twist, and turn. Talk to each other and work together.

9 Challenges

- How many times can your group move the hoop around your circle in 1 minute?
- How quickly can your group pass your hoop around the circle 2X?
- .7 Move More (Discuss during a cool-down, while leading a stretch.)
- buried alive, and the box overboard escape. escaping from a locked, water-filled milk can, the Chinese water torture cell, being things. He was nicknamed the "Handcuff King." Some of his notable escapes include Have you ever heard of Harry Houdini? He was a talented magician from the late $19^{ ext{th}}$ and early $20^{ ext{th}}$ centuries who was famous for his ability to escape from all sorts of
- How do you think someone gets so good at this type of thing?

Safety First

- Don't force a hoop to go over or under someone. Let them do it at their own pace.
- Encourage others as they try to move through the hoop.



COOPERATIVES 1000



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HROW FOR DISTANCE

Ready

1 beanbag per player

Form a circle with all players; each with a beanbag.

- strength and throw as far as you can. you use your best throwing technique and Today's activity is Throw for Distance where
- 2 "Throw," throw your beanbag as far as you can. On "Go," retrieve it and return to your spot on the circle. On signal, turn to the outside of our circle. On
- ω Each time you retrieve the beanbag. I will call a different locomotor skill to use as you move to retrieve it.



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How far can you throw your beanbag?

- Try different types of throws to see which go the farthest.
- Challenges Transfer your weight from the back foot to the front foot to add more power.

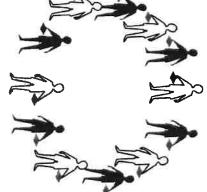
9 Fitness Focus How high can you throw it and still have it go far?

What type of fitness do you use to throw something far? (Strength and power)

Safety First

Don't retrieve your beanbag until you hear "Go."





UNIT: FRISBEE

AGES:

5-14

OBJECTIVES

Sport skill development, throwing for accuracy, distance

EQUIPMENT

1 frisbee/youth*, 10-20 hoops, 4 cones for boundaries, music/whistle

***************************************						Target Frisbee Diagram on back		ACTIVITY
		*Can be played with 1 frisbee per pair, but is not as active	-De-emphasize points at the end.	-For safety, all youth throw and retrieve simultaneously.	-Individuals on a line, each with a frisbee.	-Hoops scattered on playing field.	- <u>INDIVIDUAL DAY</u> -	ORGANIZATION
-Keep your own score.	-Keep throws low.	-1 point if the frisbee touches the hoop but does not stop on the hoop.	-3 points if frisbee remains partially in the hoop.	-5 points are awarded if entire frisbee remains inside the hoop.	-On "GO!" all youth RUN to retrieve OWN frisbee and RUN back.	-On "THROW!" youth throw frisbee to any hoop.		TEACHING CUES

Distance Throw for

-Individuals on a line (with the wind at their back).

-For safety, all youth throw at same time and retrieve simultaneously.

*Can be played with 1 frisbee per pair, but not as active.

many throws it would take them to reach a fence (or object in the distance). On START cue, they count their throws. Variation:
-Have youth estimate how

> -On "THROW!" all throw and wait for signal to retrieve.

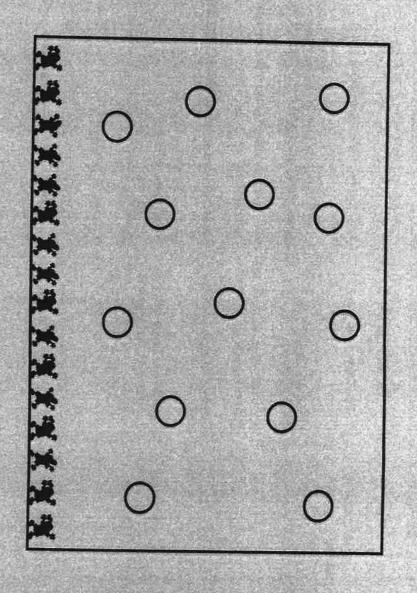
improve your distance on each throw On "GO!" RUN after your own frisbee, count how many paces it takes for you to reach your frisbee, pick it up, and RUN back. Try to

Fly frisbee low if windy.

-Keep your frisbee level (parallel to the ground).

TARGET FRISBEE

FRISBEE



EVERY STUDENT WITH A FRISBEE

O=HOOP

AGES: 8-14

OBJECTIVES

Sport skill development, sprinting

Start and finish lines marked on field, stopwatch, 2 cones, music/whistle

EQUIPMENT

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ACTIVITY	ORGANIZATION	TEACHING CUES
Warm-un:	-INDIVIDUAL DAY-	
Track and Field Stretch	-Youth walk/jog around area for 2 minutes.	Stretch slowly and smoothly: -Gastrocnemius (calf) stretch
	-Youth form a circle and follow leader's stretches.	-Hamstrings -Quadriceps
Sprint (From Standing Start)	-Youth start behind a line, and sprint through "finish" line about 25 yards away.	-On signal, run as fast as you can through the other line.
	-Repeat	Tips for sprinting: 1) Drive your knees up high.
		2) With elbows bent, move your arms rapidly.
		3) Lean forward.
		4) Look straight ahead:
		5) Do not swing your hands across the mid- line of your body.
Sprint Start	-As above	There are 3 commands for the sprint start:
(-0.110)	-Leader or youth demonstrates	1) "Take Your Mark" - Place your hands just

sprint start.

- knee touching the ground. The other knee is up (the stronger of your legs), with that foot in line with the knee on the ground. behind the starting line. Turn hands so thumbs point in toward each other, and fingers point away. Crouch down with 1
- "Get Set" Lift hips, shift weight to hands, lift head, focus eyes 10 ft, down the track,
- 3) "Go!" Push off front foot, keeping body low and leaning forward. Rise to full height gradually.

(Continued)

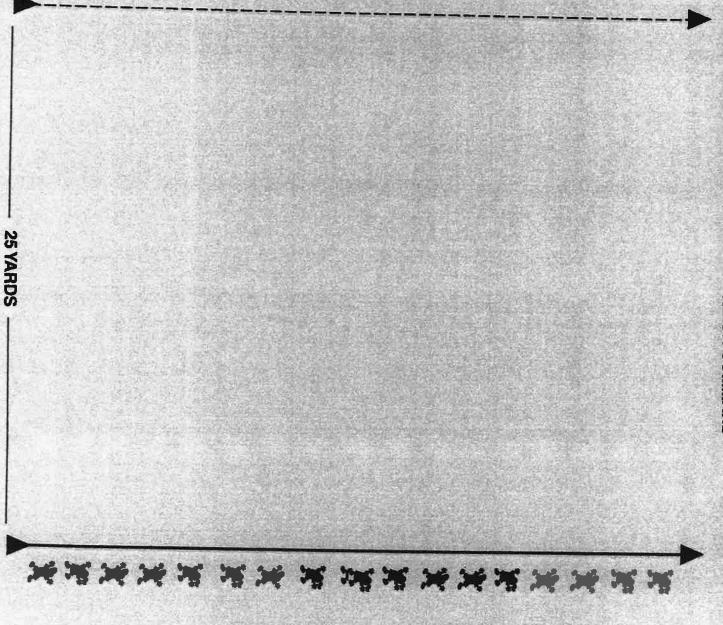
ACTIVITY		
ACIIVIII	OKGANIZATION	TEACHING CUES
Sprint Start (Practice) Diagram on back	-Participants on side or endline of the field.	-Stay low the first 4 or 5 steps. Pretend you are an airplane taking off and come up slowly. Don't be like a helicopter and fly straight up
	-Youth follow the commands and cues: "Runners take your	out of your stance.
	0	
	-Sprint about 30 paces.	-Swing arms forward and back not twisting from side to side.
	-On STOP cue, return to starting line.	-"Runners take your marks, get set, GO!"
	-Do 4-5 times.	
5-Second Sprint	-As above,	-Practice the sprint start and sprint for 5 seconds only.
	-Youth start and stop on leader cue.	-On STOP cue, stop running and walk to the other endline.
	-Do 4 times.	-Try to go farther in 5 seconds than last time"Runners take your marks, get set, GO!"
10-20 Yard Sprint	-As above.	-While sprinting, lean forward and sprint through the finish line.
	-Runners sprint to a line approximately 20 paces from starting line.	-"Runners take your marks, get set, GO!"
	-Turn around and sprint from finish line back to start line.	

-Do until time is up.

SPRINTS

TRACK AND FIELD

STUDENTS SPRINT FROM LINE TO LINE ON COMMAND - = IMAGINARY LINE



AGES: 8-14

OBJECTIVES

Sport skill development, sprinting

EQUIPMENT

Start and finish lines 50 paces (yards) apart marked on field, stopwatch, music/whistle

ACTIVITY

ORGANIZATION

-INDIVIDUAL DAY-

TEACHING CUES

Diagram on back 50 Yard Dash

-Seven or eight lines of 3-4 runners behind starting line facing a finish line 50 paces (yards) away.

-I will be timing you with my stopwatch

-Remember to stay in your own lane and not watch the runner next to you.

-First runner in each line races others first in line (7/8 runners at once).

-Sprint through the finish line

-Runners: "Take Your Mark" -- "Get Set" -- "GO!"

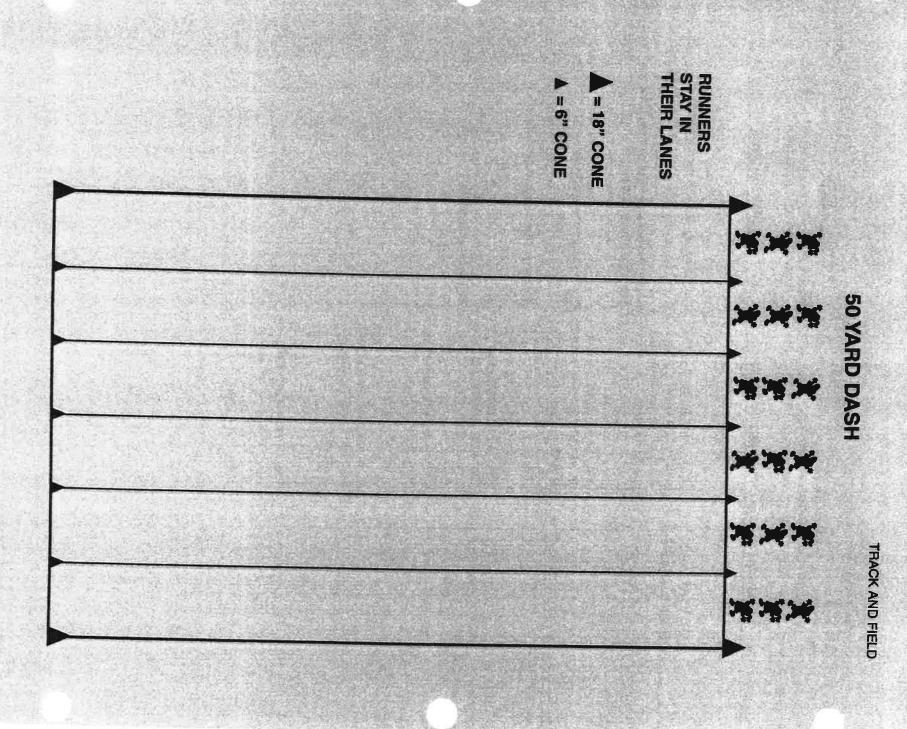
-Leader/starter stands at finish line. Call commands and start stopwatch on "Go!"

-Next runners ready!

-Call winning time as runners cross the finish line.

-Start next group immediately finish line. after last runner crosses the

-After completing the dash, runners jog down the sides back to starting line and get ready to run again.



Sport skill development, shuttle run **OBJECTIVES**

AGES: 8-14

12+ cones to mark lanes, stopwatch, music/whistle EQUIPMENT

ACTIVITY ORGANIZATION TEACHING CUES

-GROUP DAY-

-Youth spread out on endline.

Warm-up: Shuttle Jog

-Jog slowly to line, come back to start, and repeat without stopping.

-Direct youth to jog back and forth between cones (approx. 40 paces) without stopping. See diagram on back.

-This is a warm-up, not a race.

Diagram on back Shuttle Run

-Divide participants into 8-10 even groups.

-Use the sprint start.

-The groups form single file lines facing the endline.

-Stay low.

-Change directions as quickly as you can.

-On starter's command, runners to hear as they finish. Call out the seconds for runners execute shuttle run.

-Touch the ground with your hand at the far

-Start next group immediately after the previous one finishes.

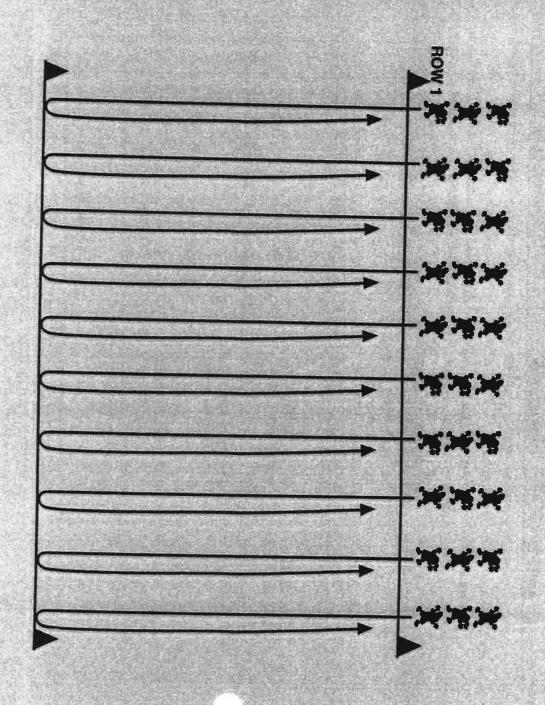
Run through the finish line

-Try to beat your previous time

SHUTTLE RUN

TRACK AND FIELD

ALL STUDENTS IN ROW 1 GO ON COMMAND



AGES: 8-14

OBJECTIVES

Sport skill development, long jump/ lower body strength and power

EQUIPMENT1 marker/youth (flag, cone, bean bag, rope, etc.),
music/whistle

ACTIVITY	ORGANIZATION -INDIVIDUAL DAY-	TEACHING CUES
Standing	-On line, facing leader.	-Place feet shoulder width apart.
Cong Jump	-Demonstrate standing long jump.	-Swing arms backward as the knees bend.
	-Youth jump 5-6 times on own.	-Swing arms forward and extend legs when you jump.
		-Two-foot take-off and 2-foot landing. Land on the halls of both feet leaning forward
Standing	-As above.	Challenges:
Challenges	-Direct youth in various challenges.	-Lie on your back with your feet touching the line. Measure your height and mark it on the
	-Mark each jump at the back of the heels or the closest point to the take-off line.	-Can you jump your own height? (Landing on both feet.)
		-How far can you go using 3 jumps in a row? (4 jumps?)
Cunning	-As above. (Or, practice	-How far can you go using a hop and a jump? -One-foot take-off, 2-foot landing.
hallenges	in a sandpit if available.)	-How far can you do the running long jump?
	-Designate an area for a "take- off board "	-With a running start, how far can you go using 2 jumps? (2 foot landing)
		Triple Jump
	-Youth use 10 pace approach.	-With a running start, how far can you go using a hop and a jump? (Take-off on 1 foot, land on that same foot then lump to 2 foot.)
		The second second second second

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-With a running start, how far can you go using a hop, a step, and a jump? (e.g., take-off on left foot, land on left, step onto right, then leap and land on 2 feet).